





Everyone knows about it, everyone knows how important it is, but the question is always: How?







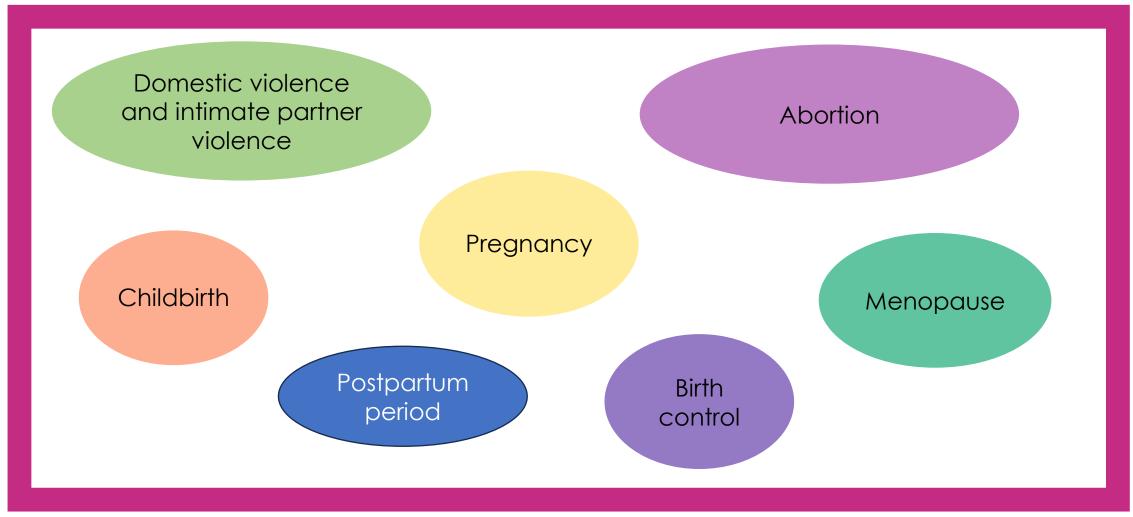
7th EMA Education Conference 2023-10-27

Researchgroup Siller Werner-Felmayer Siebert Flatscher-Thöni



Women's Health

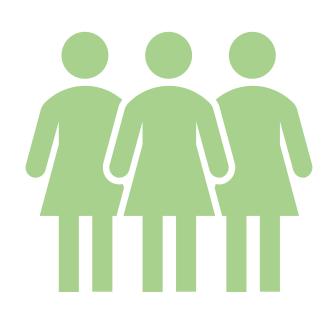
BACKGROUND





Domestic violence and intimate partner violence

- Domestic violence (DV) is "...a pattern of behavior in any relationship that is used to gain or maintain power and control over an intimate partner." (United Nations, 2023)
- Worldwide, one in three women has experienced DV. (World Health Organization 2021)
- Intimate partner violence (IPV) "...includes physical, sexual and emotional abuse and controlling behaviours by an intimate partner." (World Health Organization 2012)
- In Austria, one in three women has experienced physical or sexual violence. (Statistik Austria 2022)



Influence of domestic violence and intimate partner violence during pregnancy

- IPV and DV affect health and quality of life of mother and infant (Siller et al. 2020)
- Adverse health effects resulting from IPV can increase during pregnancy (Chisholm et al. 2017; Howell et al. 2017)
- IPV before and during pregnancy is connected with:
 - Risk of postpartum depression
 - Preterm Delivery

BACKGROUND

- Risk of traumatic birth experiences
- Infant birth weight



(Alhusen et al. 2015; Hill et al. 2016)

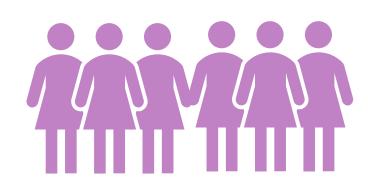




Abortion

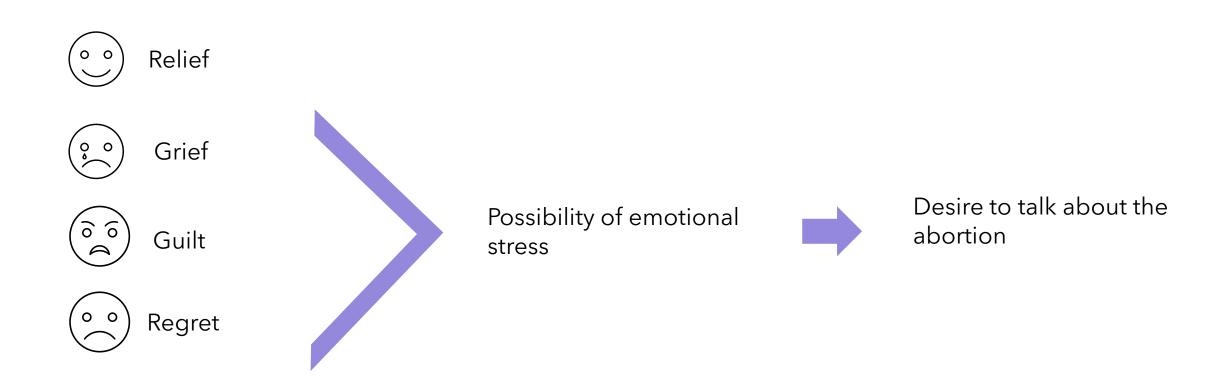
BACKGROUND

- Worldwide, 39 abortions per 1000 women are performed annually (Bearak et al. 2020)
- Austria: no statistical recording; ~ about
 25–50% of all women in Austria (Fiala 2012)
- Germany: six abortions per 1000 women in 2022 (Statistisches Bundesamt 2023)
 - 96% of these abortions occur in the first trimester for social reasons



Possible needs of women after abortion for social reasons

(Rocca et a. 2020; Rocca et al. 2013; Kero et al. 2004; Kimport et al. 2011)





Midwives and abortion for social reasons

- By Austrian and German law, midwives are not involved in abortions during the first trimester (Strafgesetzbuch 1975; Bundesministerium für Justiz und für Verbraucherschutz 1993)
- World Health Organization recommends midwives for first trimester abortions since 2003 (World Health Organization 2003)



(https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1522543558187-768b6df7c25c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid=M3wxMjA3fDB8MHxwaG90by1wYWdlfHx8fGVufDB8fHx8fA%3D%3D&auto=format&fit=crop&w=870&q=80)

Domestic violence, intimate partner violence and abortion for social reasons

Domestic violence and intimate partner violence

BACKGROUND



- Public health issue
- Taboo and stigmatized topics
- Affects mostly women



(World Health Organization 2021)



"My fear is violating the women ... And then, what can I do? I am not a social worker, psychotherapist ...
I have no contact to other institutions ..."

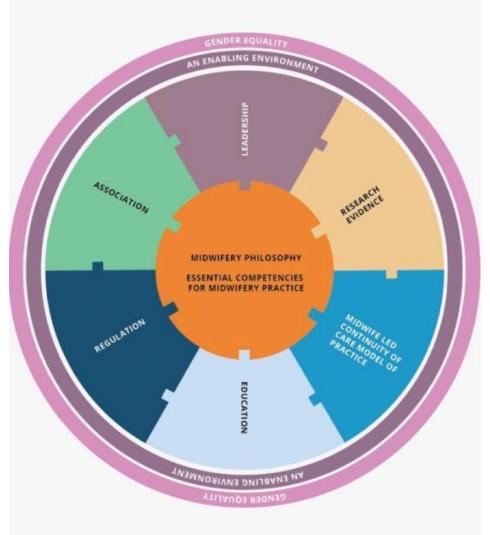
"I think it's important that this somehow also flows more into the care of pregnant women, that you have more training about such things, because simply the comments that I hear from midwives or gynecologists, they are really not cool and I'm glad that I have to say really, I have the feeling that my experience with my abortion makes me a better midwife ..." (Quin, midwifery student)



Midwifery and domestic violence, intimate partner violence and abortion for social reasons

"The midwife is the first choice of health professional for childbearing women"

(International Confederation of Midwives 2023)



(https://www.internationalmidwives.org/assets/files/general-iiles/2022/05/professional-framework-2022.pdf)

Needs of women and healthcare professionals



Action models



Establishing the models through teaching



Creating multipliers









Domestic violence and intimate partner violence

Prof. (FH) Martina König-Bachmann BSc, MHPE; Postdoc-Ass. Mag. Dr. Heidi Ulrike Siller (University of Klagenfurt)

I. Violence and sexuality in patients – a study with midwives





A qualitative study with midwives in Tyrol/A at the Women's Health Center in cooperation with the FH Gesundheit (FHG) 2014–2016

1. **Problem-centred interviews** (Witzel, 2000) with **15 midwives** participating in individual interviews between December 2014 and December 2015

Interviewees were conceived as experts with regard to their own actions (Witzel, 2000), thus how VAW was approached in midwifery, and their perception of VAW in midwifery.



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Resilience-oriented strengthening of midwives in the care of women affected by violence "From the hand to the hand"



A qualitative study with midwives and Experts from violence protection institutions in Tyrol/A at the Women's Health Center, University Klagenfurt in cooperation with the FH Gesundheit (FHG) Externally funded



1. Exploratory qualitative study design – focus groups/semistructured guide (Mayring, 2014) with 11 Experts/2 focus groups (n=3, n=8) from violence protection institutions – from urban and rural regions

(Victim advocacy groups, Violence against women, Women's shelter ...) in Tyrol/A

2018-2022

BACKGROUND

1a. Subsequently a **training on the topic of violence took place** at the FHG with midwives and experts from violence protection institutions — with a panel discussion





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2. Meet and greets – Midwives in practice as well as experts from specialized institutions in five districts

of Tyrol were networked, accompanied by a before and after survey.

"I think it already helps a lot if they have the information, the legal information especially, and if they know the processes and our offerings, and what the options are in general."

"We very much hope that midwives just reach out to us."



Connecting midwives and relevant institutions via so-called Meet & Greet to narrow the gap in referral

Building trust to each other



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3. Qualitative Study after a networking meeting between midwives and professionals (meet and greets) in violence prevention

- 22 interviews (21 women; 1 man)
 - purposive sampling
 - midwives, professionals working in violence prevention or psychosocial support,
 psychotherapists and psychologists
- Interview topics

BACKGROUND

- How domestic violence was managed
- Strategies for promoting resilience and self-care
- Analysis with (reflexive) thematic analysis (Braun & Clarke)

The Analysis is still in progress.

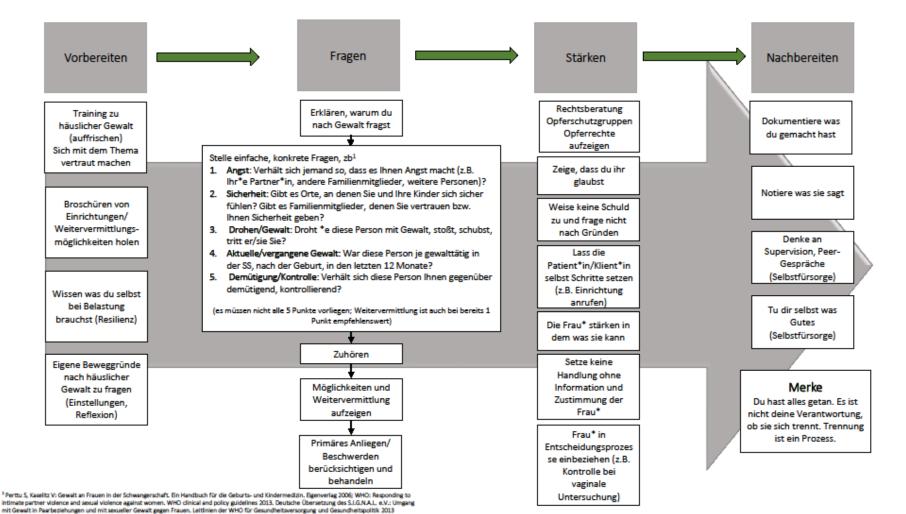


Domestic violence and intimate partner violence

RESEARCH

QUESTION

Prof. (FH) Martina König-Bachmann BSc, MHPE; Postdoc-Ass. Mag. Dr. Heidi Ulrike Siller (University of Klagenfurt)



https://www.fhgtirol.ac.at/page.cfm? vpath=forschung/fors chungsprojekte/haeu sliche-gewalt---lassuns-reden

Guidelines for midwives: how to talk about violence

Questions Follow-up Preparation Support Explain why you are Legal advice Victim protection groups asking about violence Highlighting victims' rights Establish need for full body Training on examination, securing evidence, Show that you domestic/sexual Ask simple, specific questions, e.g.: photographic record, contingency believe her violence/FGM 1. Fear: Does your partner behave in a way that makes you plan, etc. (refresh) afraid? Are you afraid for yourself or people who are Don't appoint blame close to you? or ask for reasons Document your actions 2. Safety: Are there places where you and your children feel safe? Are there family members you trust or who and the woman's make you feel safe? statements Let the patient take Get brochures by 3. Threats: Is this person threatening to harm you? Is the (duty of documentation) the steps herself institutions that can person pushing, shoving, kicking you? 4. Current violence: Has your partner been violent during (e.g. call institution) help your pregngncy, after birth, in the past 12 months? 5. Humiliation/control: Does your partner humiliate you or Make use of supervision show controlling behaviour? Support the woman or talk to peers (self care) in what she can do Not all 5 points have to be present; further referral is also Knowing what I need (often ambivalent) recommended with already 1 point. in case I feel burdened Listening Don't take action Do something good for (resilience) yourself (self care) without informing the Demonstrate options of further engagement woman or getting her Internal/external ressources (centres for protection consent (reporting against violence, establishing degree of danger) requirement/ Question personal exceptions) motives for asking Remember about domestic You did everything you could. Address primary violence (attitude, Include woman in It is not your responsibility, concern (patient's self-reflection) decision processes (e.g. whether or not she leaves her reason for coming in) vaginal examination) partner. Separation is a process. ¹ Perttu S, Kaselitz V: Gewalt an Frauen in der Schwangerschaft. Ein Handbuch für die Geburts- und Kindermedizin. Eigenverlag 2006; WHO: Responding to intimate partner violence and sexual violence against women. WHO clinical and policy guidelines 2013. Deutsche Übersetzung des S.I.G.N.A.L. e.V.: Umgang Siller/König-Bachmann mit Gewalt in Paarbeziehungen und mit sexueller Gewalt gegen Frauen. Leitlinien der WHO für Gesundheitsversorgung und Gesundheitspolitik 2013



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Siller, H., König-Bachmann, M., Perkhofer, S., & Hochleitner, M. (2022). Midwives Perceiving and Dealing With Violence Against Women: Is It Mostly About Midwives Actively Protecting Women? A Modified Grounded Theory Study. Journal of Interpersonal Violence, 37(3-4), 1902-1932, Article 0886260520927497. https://doi.org/10.1177/0886260520927497

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Eine Handreichung für Hebammen zu Gesprächen über Gewalt

Pauline Herzog, BSc, MSc, phd.cand

BACKGROUND

- Question 1: "What are women's motives for having an abortion for 'social reasons'?"
- Question 2: "What needs arise in women after an abortion for 'social reasons'?"
- Question 3: "How can the needs mentioned be met in terms of health services?"



BACKGROUND

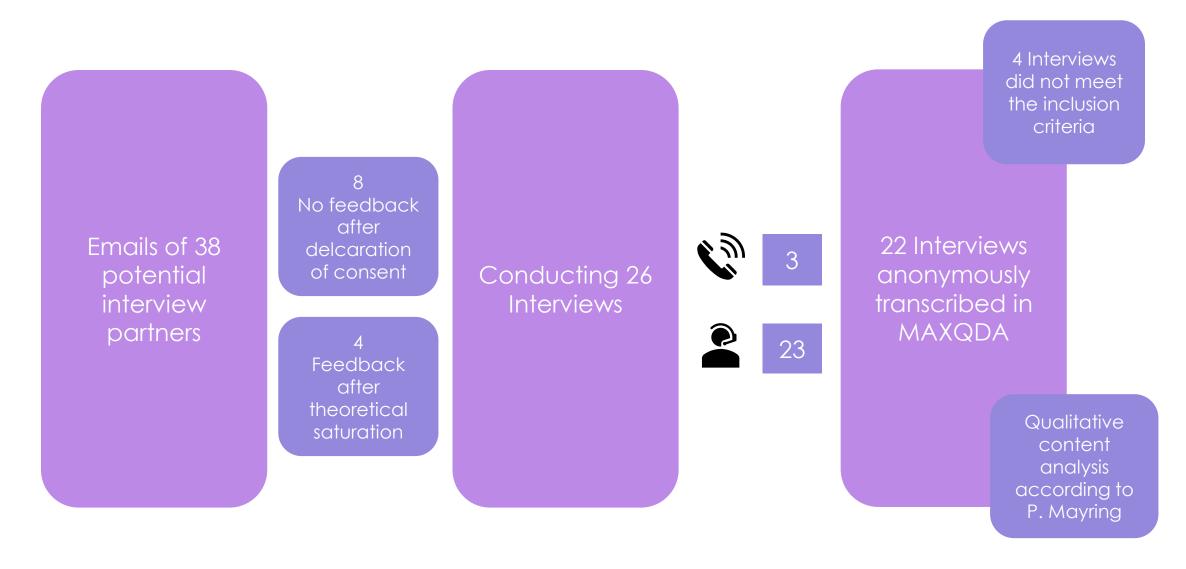
Qualitative inductive research design

- March 2021: Drawing attention to the study:
 - Social media (Facebook, Instagram, Twitter)
 - Austrian Midwifery Congress
- March 2021 to January 2022: Conducting semi-structured, personal individual interviews with interview guidelines in Germany and Austria

Positive ethics vote by RCSEQ



BACKGROUND





Women's needs after an abortion for social reasons



BACKGROUND

Exchange with other women who have had an abortion



Online exchange with other women who have had an abortion



Psychosocial counseling with empathetic, non-stigmatising professionals like a midwife



NOW – How we do it:

BACKGROUND

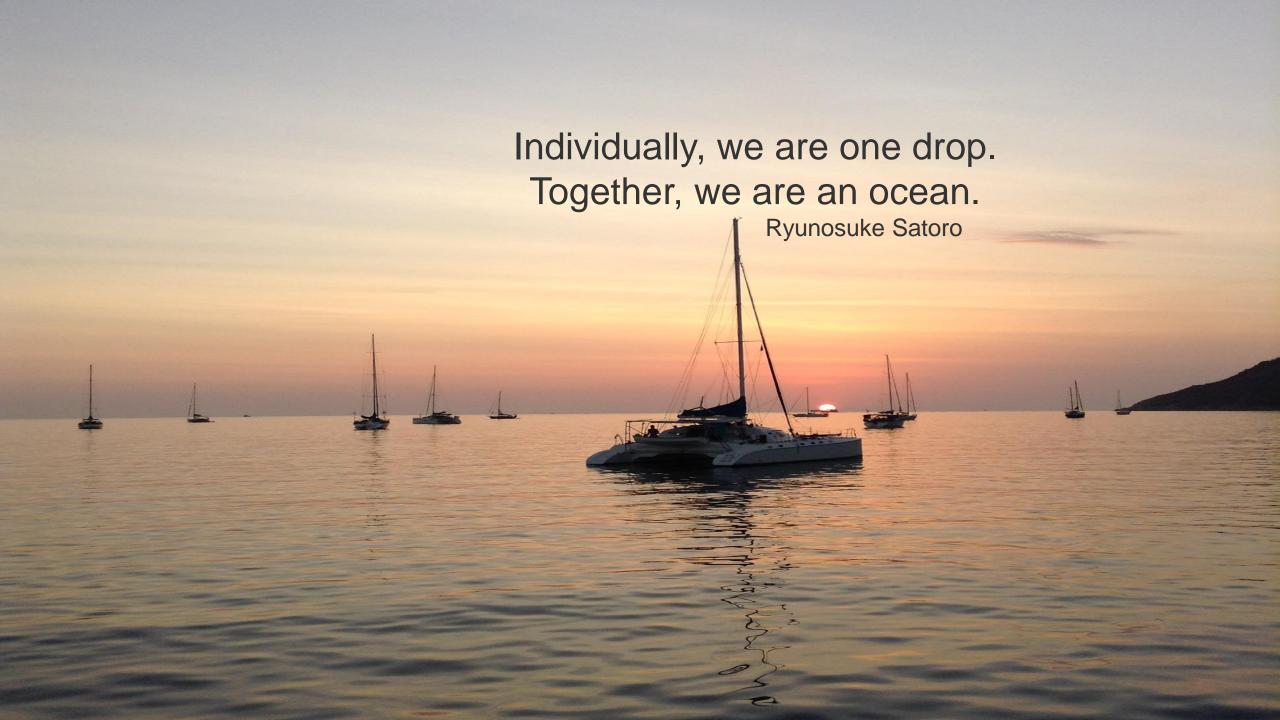
- Abortion and domestic violence and intimate partner violence must be part of the curriculum
- Awareness for the importance of these topics in midwifery
- Teaching how the topics can be approached in practice leads to security
- Security leads to responsibility

https://training.viprom-cerv.eu/en/

Guidelines for midwives: how to talk about violence

<u>https://www.fhg-tirol.ac.at/page.cfm?vpath=forschung/forschungsprojekte/haeusliche-gewalt---lass-uns-reden</u>





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